

User Authentication With Neural Networks

Nicola Capuano¹, Marco Marsella¹,
Sergio Miranda¹, Saverio Salerno^{1,2}

¹ CRMPA - Centro di Ricerca in Matematica Pura ed
Applicata c/o DIIMA - University of Salerno, Italy

² DIIMA - Dipartimento di Ingegneria
dell'Informazione e Matematica Applicata University
of Salerno, Italy

e-mail: niccap@crmpa.unisa.it,
marmar@crmpa.unisa.it, miranda@crmpa.unisa.it,
salerno@ponza.dia.unisa.it.

USER AUTHENTICATION METHODS

- 1) **Knowledge-based methods** (password, passphrases)
- 2) **Artifacts** (keys, magnetic cards, etc.)
- 3) **Biometrics** (fingerprints, voice patterns, signatures, typing styles, etc.)

OUR APPROACH

Knowledge Based

+

Biometrics

Steps:

- 1) Password verification
- 2) Typing style recognition

TYPING STYLE RECOGNITION

Step 1 - Hold and latency times calculation

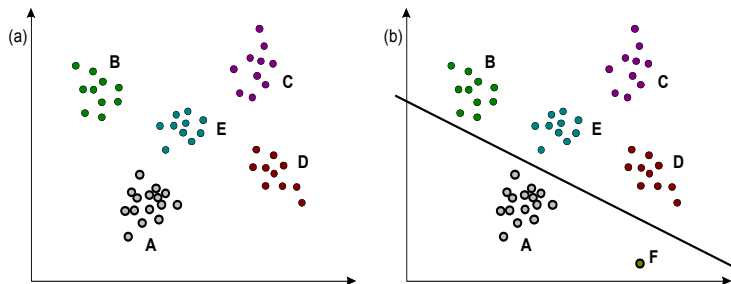
Press	Release	Time	Hold	Latency
N		0		
	N	109	109	
I		216		107
C		292		-47
	I	339	123	
O		409		-55
	C	464	172	
	O	535	126	
L		561		26
	L	660	99	
A		769		109
	A	851	82	

Step 2 - Neural Net interrogation

1st APPROACH: STANDARD MLP

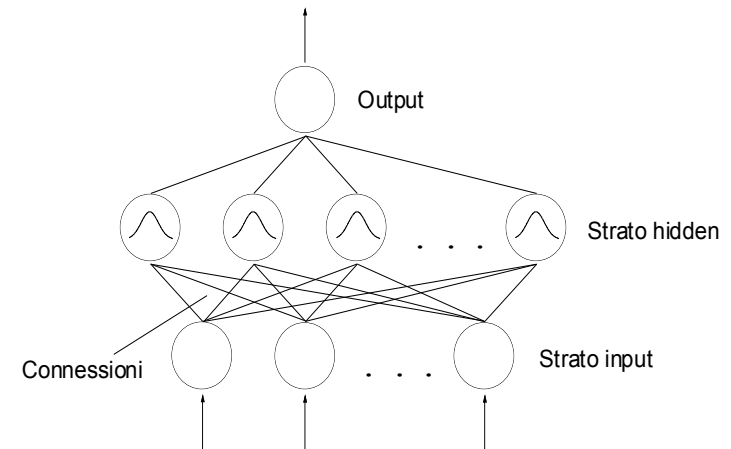
Drawbacks:

- 1) Correct and wrong patterns must be provided during the training phase (loss of security)
- 2) Training set cannot be representative of the universe



OUR NEURAL NET

Structure:



Hidden Layer Activation Function:

$$y_j = \exp \left\{ - \frac{\|x - v_j\|^2}{2\sigma^2} \right\}$$

Output Layer Activation Function:

$$z = \max_j y_j$$

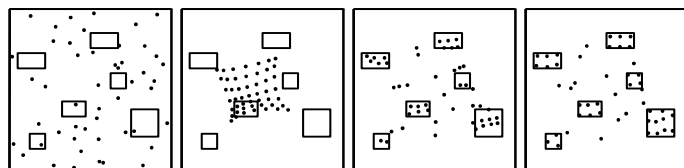
NEURAL-GAS TRAINING

Traditional SOM Adaptation Step:

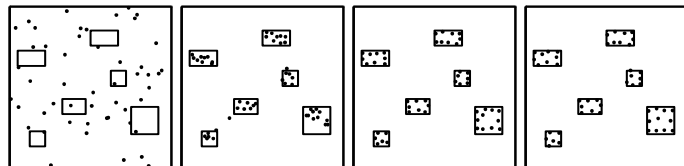
$$w_{ij}^{(t+1)} = w_{ij}^{(t)} + \varepsilon^{(t)} \cdot h_{\sigma^{(t)}}(d(j, k)) \cdot (x_i^{(t)} - w_{ij}^{(t)})$$

Neural-Gas Adaptation Step:

$$w_{ij}^{(t+1)} = w_{ij}^{(t)} + \varepsilon^{(t)} \cdot h_{\sigma^{(t)}}(\text{rank}(j)) \cdot (x_i^{(t)} - w_{ij}^{(t)})$$



SOM status after 0, 10, 25 e 50 epochs.

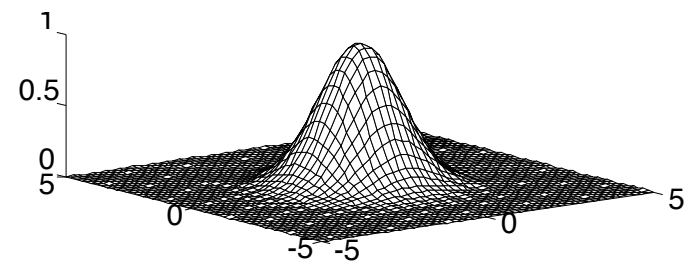


Neural-Gas status after 0, 10, 25 e 50 epochs.

A LAST QUESTION

Hidden layer activation function:

$$y_j = \exp \left\{ -\frac{\|x - v_j\|^2}{2\sigma^2} \right\}$$



Modified Hidden layer activation function:

$$y_j = \exp \left\{ -\sum_i \frac{(x_i - v_{ij})^2}{2\sigma_{ij}^2} \right\}.$$

Where:

$$\sigma_{ij} = \sigma + mv_{ij}$$

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

User	Authentication	Intrusions
1	98 %	5 %
2	99 %	0 %
3	100 %	1 %
4	100 %	2 %
5	78 %	5 %
6	100 %	12 %
7	93 %	0 %
8	89 %	15 %
9	95 %	3 %
10	97 %	0 %

Parameters:

$N = 5, M = 15, \sigma = 0.6, m = 20, \varepsilon = 0.03$